PRECISE DIAGNOSTICS FOR IMPROVED CARE

Vcheck Product catalog_ver.7.2

Vcheck

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38 CCV Ag (Canine Coronavirus Antigen)
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Antibody Titer

40 CPV Ab (Canine Parvovirus Antibody)
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PRECISE DIAGNOSTICS FOR IMPROVED CARE

Vcheck is a multi-parametric fluorescent immunoassay analyzer providing rapid, accurate, and reliable results for quantitative, antibody titer, and infectious tests.

MULTIPLE TESTS ON A SINGLE ANALYZER

Point-Of-Care tests of various disease markers, viral antigens of infectious diseases, and antibody titer are possible with the Vcheck analyzers.

AUTO-CODING SYSTEM WITH 2D BARCODE TECHNOLOGY

All the test devices can be randomly accessible to the Vcheck analyzer without any pre-procedure. The analyzer recognizes each test device once inserted.

AUTOMATIC RECOGNITION OF HANDWRITING

A handwritten patient name or ID on the test device can be printed with the test result for user's convenience.

HIGH ACCURACY AND REPRODUCIBILITY

Strong correlation with the gold standard methods and reliability is one of the best strengths of Vcheck analyzers.

2 DIFFERENT MODELS TO MEET YOUR NEEDS

Choose the one that best suit your needs. V200 is a compact and convenient, all-in-one analyzer; V2400 has a high throughput and enables you to process large amounts of tests quickly.

RAPID, EASY TO USE AND COST EFFECTIVE

Save time, save money, and most importantly, save lives with Vcheck today.

V2400

The best way to reduce turnaround time and improve the service of your laboratory

UP TO 70 TESTS PER HOUR, UP TO 24 TESTS AT ONCE

RANDOM ACCESS

AUTO-EJECTION OF TEST DEVICES

Specification

Model	: Vcheck V2400
Test capacity	: 24 tests at once / 70 tests per hour
Power	: AC/DC adaptor
Display	: 10” Color Touch Screen
Printer	: Built-in
Connectivity	: HL7 v2.6(PCD-01) / POCT1-A
Dimension	: 510 x 566 x 297 mm
Weight	: 20.0 kg

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VC7403EA	V2400	Equipment	1 EA

V200

Compact and convenient analyzer to expand your in-clinic testing

COMPACT SIZE

USER FRIENDLY

COST EFFECTIVE

Specification

Model	: Vcheck V200
Test capacity	: 1 test at a time
Power	: AC/DC adaptor
Display	: 7” Color Touch Screen
Printer	: Built-in
Connectivity	: HL7 v2.6(PCD-01) / POCT1-A
Dimension	: 200 x 240 x 205 mm
Weight	: 2.5 kg

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VC7402EA	V200	Equipment	1 EA

NEW

Canine TnI

Cardiac Troponin I

Quantitative marker of myocardial injury

Troponin consists of 3 subunits (troponin I, T, and C) which together function as a molecular switch of cardiomyocyte contraction. Among them, cardiac Troponin I (TnI) is a sensitive and specific circulating marker of cardiac injury for dogs. Cardiac injury causes the release of TnI into circulation, where its concentration is correlated to the severity of the damage.

Species	Sample
Dog	Serum 100 µl
Testing Time	**Measuring Range**
10 min.	0.01~20 ng/ml

Clinical Application

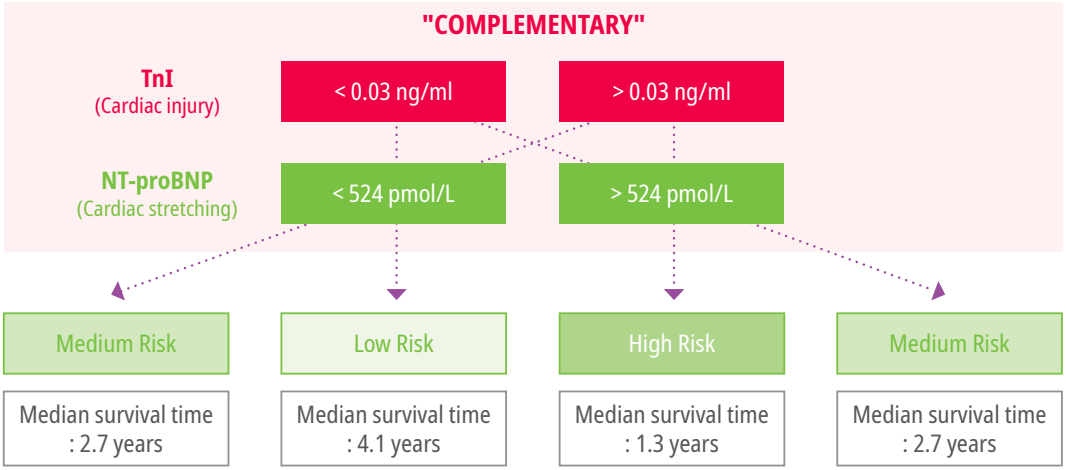
Vcheck Canine TnI can provide important diagnostic and prognostic information in patients with cardiovascular or non-cardiac diseases as a cardiac injury marker of choice.

- **Cardiac Trauma**
  - Detects or rules out significant blunt cardiac injury in frequent conditions
- **Primary Heart Disease**
  - Indicates ongoing myocyte damage in a chronic remodeling process
- **Critically ill patients**
  - Provides prognostic information irrespective of underlying disease

Prognostic Algorithm

Combined measurement of TnI and NT-proBNP is prognostically superior to measuring each alone in dogs with MMVD.

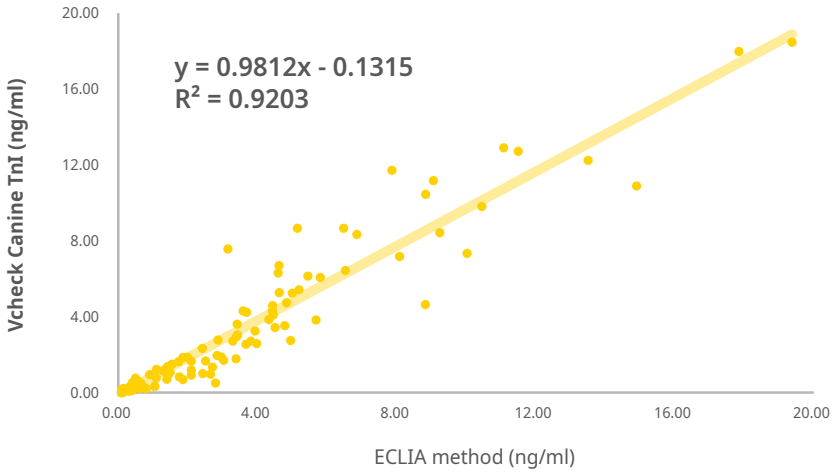
J Vet Intern Med 2012;26:302–311



Evaluation Data

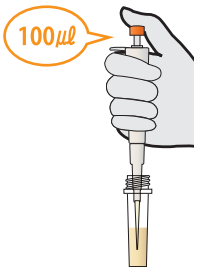
There is a high correlation (Y=0.9812X-0.1315, R^2=0.92) with electrochemiluminescent immunoassay (ECLIA) from 'R' diagnostics.

Comparative analysis of TnI in canine serum samples (N=156)

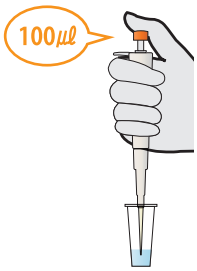


Test Procedure

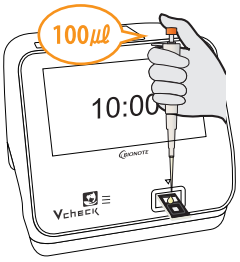
1 Add **100 µl** of the sample to the assay diluent tube



2 Mix well 5-6 times by using a **100 µl** pipetting



3 Add the mixed sample **100 µl** into the test device



< 0.03 ng/ml	0.03 - 0.12 ng/ml	> 0.12 ng/ml
Normal	Suspected Possibility of myocardial injury	Abnomal High possibility of myocardial injury

* TnI concentrations should not be used to either confirm or exclude primary cardiac disease without the simultaneous use of echocardiography.
** When interpreting a slight increase of TnI in healthy dogs, biologic variability of TnI or old ages should be taken into account.

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF137DC	Vcheck Canine TnI	Device	5 Tests/Kit

Feline NT-proBNP

N-terminal pro-B type natriuretic peptide

Initial cardiac biomarker screening for heart disease in cats

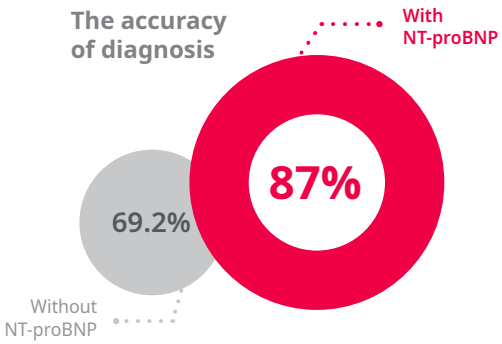
NT-proBNP (N-terminal pro-B type natriuretic peptide) is cleaved from BNP which is produced by the muscle cells of the heart and increases with excessive stretching of the cells. NT-proBNP concentration reflects the degree of cardiac activation secondary to stimulus, such as stretching, allowing this marker to be used to assess the magnitude of cardiac muscle stretching.

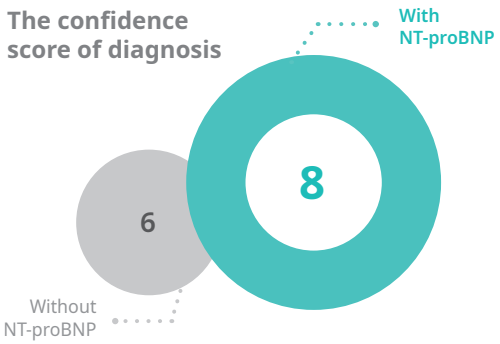
Species	Sample
Cat	Serum 100 µl
Testing Time	**Measuring Range**
10 min.	50~1,500 pmol/L

Clinical Application

- **To screen for occult heart disease**
  - Prior to anesthesia
  - In apparently healthy cats with heart murmurs
  - At risk breeds - Maine Coon, Ragdoll, Birman, Persian
- **To determine Cardiac or Respiratory disease**
  - In cats with respiratory signs such as dyspnea, tachypnea, cough
  - To differentiate cardiac and respiratory causes
- **To determine the severity of heart disease**
  - For monitoring stabilization of CHF during hospitalization
  - For predicting survival in cats with CHF

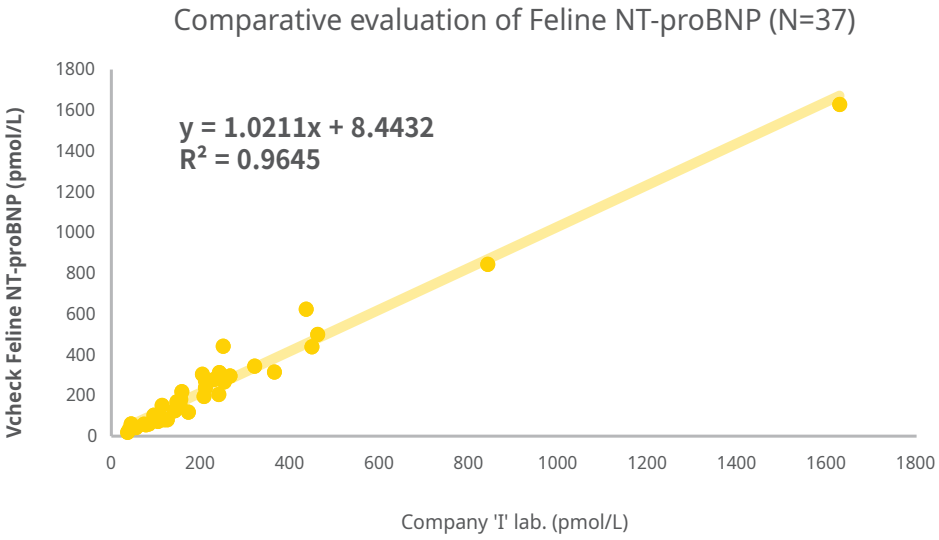
* CHF: Congestive Heart Failure





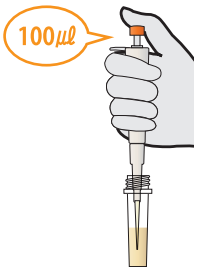
Evaluation Data

Strong correlation with company 'I' laboratories

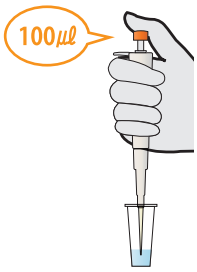


Test Procedure

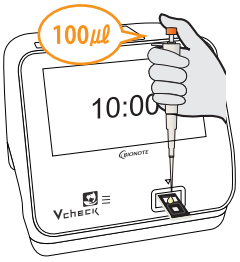
1 Add **100 µl** of the sample to the assay diluent tube



2 Mix well 5-6 times by using a **100 µl** pipetting



3 Add the mixed sample **100 µl** into the test device



< 100 pmol/L	≥ 100 pmol/L
Normal	Abnomal Additional diagnostics are recommened

* A positive NT-proBNP test result should always be interpreted in combination and other diagnostic findings.
* In cats with respiratory signs, if the NT-proBNP is > 270 pmol/L, CHF is the most likely cause of the clinical signs.

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF130DC	Vcheck Feline NT-proBNP	Device	5 Tests/Kit

Canine NT-proBNP

N-terminal pro-B type natriuretic peptide

New Cardiac Biomarker for dogs

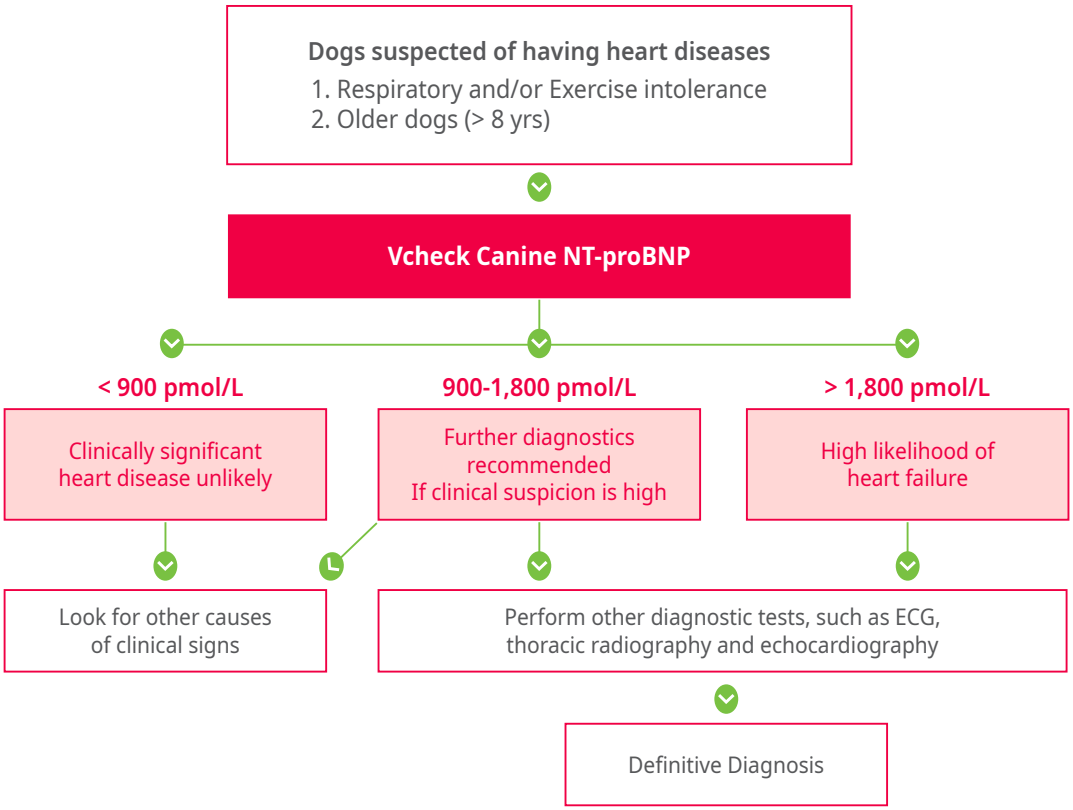
In dogs, NT-proBNP is correlated with heart size and systolic function, suggesting that the concentrations can be used to detect dogs with early disease.

Species	Sample
Dog	Serum 100 µl
Testing Time	**Measuring Range**
15 min.	500~10,000 pmol/L

Clinical Application

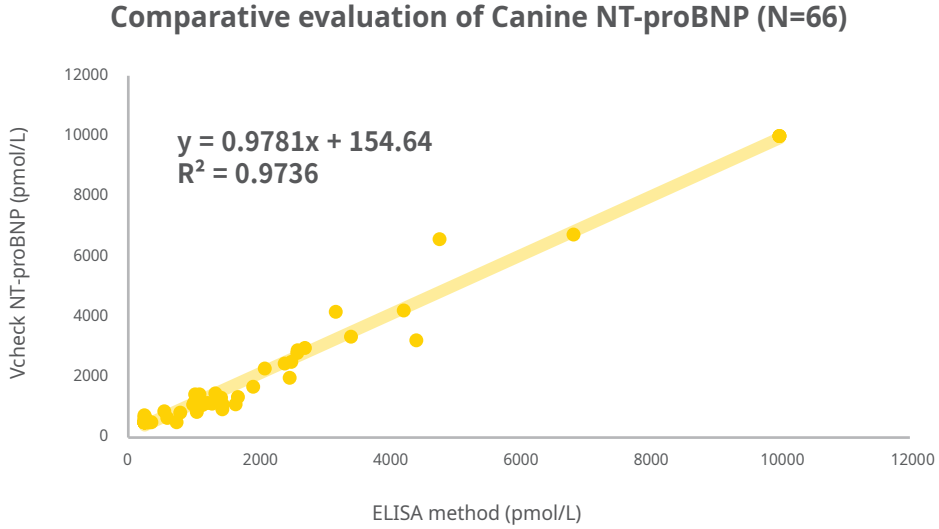
- Distinguishes cardiac from respiratory disease
- Staging of Myxomatous Mitral Valve Degeneration (MMVD)
- Detects Dilated Cardiomyopathy (DCM) in Large Breeds

Clinical Algorithm



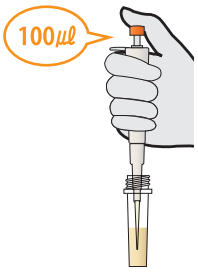
Evaluation Data

Strong correlation (R^2=0.95) with an ELISA method (from company 'I' laboratories)

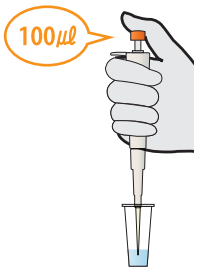


Test Procedure

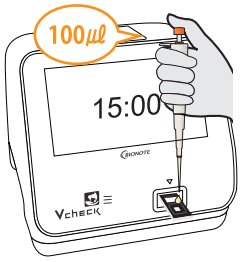
1 Add **100 µl** of the sample to the assay diluent tube



2 Mix well 5-6 times by using a **100 µl** pipette



3 Add the mixed sample **100 µl** into the test device



< 900 pmol/L	900 – 1,800 pmol/L	> 1,800 pmol/L
Normal	Suspected* Additional diagnostics are recommended	Abnormal* Additional diagnostics are recommended

* 'Abnormal' or 'Suspected' NT-proBNP test results should always be interpreted in combination and other diagnostic findings such as an echocardiogram.

** Concentration over 735 pmol/L in Doberman Pinschers indicates an increased risk for occult dilated cardiomyopathy.

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF132DC	Vcheck Canine NT-proBNP	Device	5 Tests/Kit

SDMA

Symmetric Dimethylarginine

Biomarker for early detection of decreased renal function

SDMA is a methylated form of arginine and excreted almost exclusively by the kidneys. SDMA is a novel kidney biomarker that reflects glomerular filtration rate (GFR), increasing earlier than serum creatinine with acute kidney injury (AKI) and chronic kidney disease (CKD).

Species
Dog, Cat

Sample
Serum/plasma (heparin) 100 µl

Testing Time
11 min.

Measuring Range
10.0~100.0 µg/dL

Clinical Application

- Early detection of kidney disease
- Monitoring of patient with kidney disease
- SDMA is a novel biomarker for kidney function and more reliable than creatinine. But SDMA cannot replace creatinine and both are complementary to each other in diagnosing kidney dysfunction
- History, physical examination, CBC, chemistry profile including SDMA, creatinine, electrolytes, and urinalysis should be performed to evaluate kidney function

SDMA	Creatinine	Interpretation
Normal	Normal	· Normal renal function · Early renal disease cannot be ruled out if SDMA and/or creatinine levels are at the upper end of the reference range.
Elevated	Normal	· Early renal disease probable
Normal	Elevated	· Not usual · Possible if the lean body mass is high · Further evaluation of renal function is recommended.
Elevated	Elevated	· Renal disease strongly suspected

Diagnostic Algorithm

Normal	Suspected	Kidney disease probable
≤ 14 µg/dL (* ≤ 16 ug/dl in puppies)	14.1 – 19.9 µg/dL	≥ 20 µg/dL
Monitor every 6 months	Recheck in 2 weeks to confirm initial value	
	Persistent high value	

Check other evidences of low GFR[1]

Clinical sign	Biochemistry	Complete urinalysis
· Polyuria/polydipsia · Inappetence · Lethargy · Weight loss	· BUN ↑ · Creatinine ↑ · Phosphorus ↑	· Urine specific gravity (USG) · Urine protein:creatinine (UPC) ratio · Urine sediment · Diagnostic imaging

IRIS Staging of CKD (modified 2019)[2]

CKD Staging should be based on fasting creatinine or SDMA concentration or both measured (recommended) on at least 2 occasions in a hydrated and stable patient, preferably after 12h of fasting with free access to water.

IRIS International Renal Interest Society CKD Staging	Stage 1 (No azotemia) *Persistently high SDMA (>14 µg/dL) for early CKD	Stage 2 (Mild azotemia)	Stage 3 (Moderate azotemia)	Stage 4 (Severe azotemia)
CANINE				
Creatinine mg/dL (µmol/L)	< 1.4 (< 125)	1.4 – 2.8 (125 - 250)	2.9 – 5.0 (251 - 440)	> 5.0 (> 440)
SDMA µg/dL	< 18	18 - 35	36 - 54	> 54
UPC ratio	< 0.2 (Non-proteinuric) 0.2–0.5 (Borderline) > 0.5 (Proteinuric)			
Blood pressure	< 140 (Normotensive) 140-159 (Prehypertensive) 160-179 (Hypertensive) ≥ 180 (Severely hypertensive)			
FELINE				
Creatinine mg/dL (µmol/L)	< 1.6 (< 140)	1.6 – 2.8 (140 - 250)	2.9 – 5.0 (251 - 440)	> 5.0 (> 440)
SDMA µg/dL	< 18	18 - 25	26 - 38	> 38
UPC ratio	< 0.2 (Non-proteinuric) 0.2–0.4 (Borderline) > 0.4 (Proteinuric)			
Blood pressure	< 140 (Normotensive) 140-159 (Prehypertensive) 160-179 (Hypertensive) ≥ 180 (Severely hypertensive)			

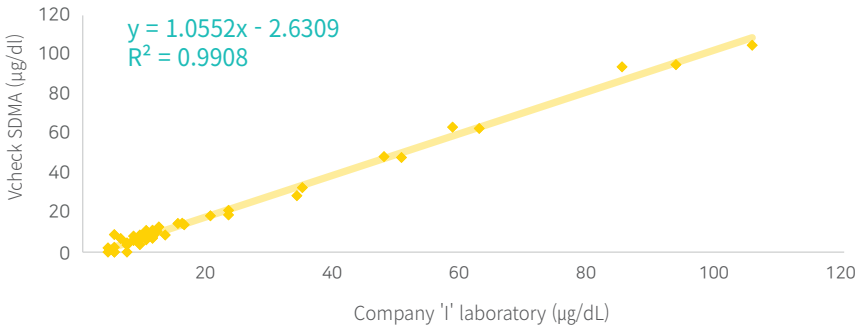
*In case of discrepancies in the interpretation of creatinine and SDMA, follow the result indicating a higher stage, and set the treatment methods accordingly.

Reference: 1. Sparkes, A. H., Caney, S., Chalhoub, S., et al. (2016) ISFM consensus guidelines on the diagnosis and management of feline chronic kidney disease. Journal of Feline Medicine and Surgery 18, 219-239 2. IRIS (International Renal Interest Society) Staging of CKD (Modified 2019).

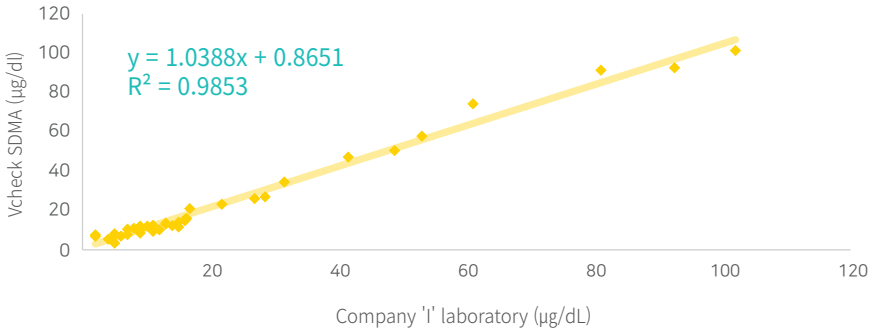
Evaluation Data

Strong correlation with company 'I' laboratory

Correlation with company 'I' laboratory - Canine (n=51)



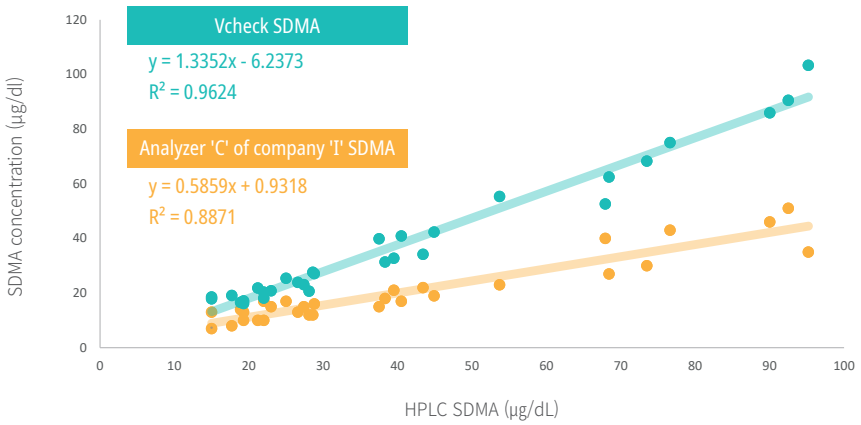
Correlation with company 'I' laboratory - Feline (n=39)



Higher correlation with the gold standard method (HPLC)

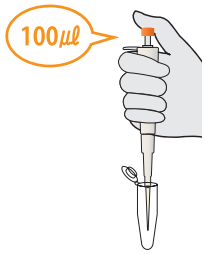
HPLC (High-Performance Liquid Chromatography): a Gold standard of SDMA

Correlation with HPLC SDMA (n=50)

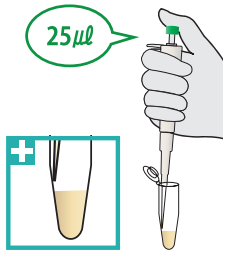


Test Procedure

1 Draw **100 µl** of serum or plasma (heparin) and add it to a 1.5 ml tube

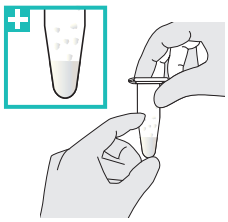


2 Draw **25 µl** of the pretreatment buffer and add it to the inner wall of the same tube

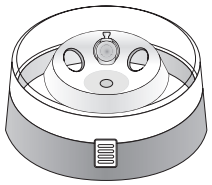


*** Be careful not to touch the end of pipette tip with the sample**

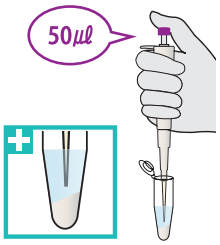
3 Mix well by using a vortex or tapping with fingers 6~8 times



4 Within 10 seconds of mixing, centrifuge for 5 min with the centrifuge provided by Bionote

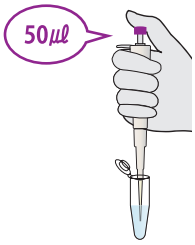


5 Draw **50 µl** of the separated supernatant and transfer to a new 1.5 ml tube

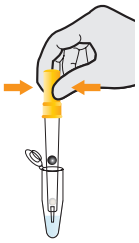


*** Be careful not to bring the sediments at the bottom**

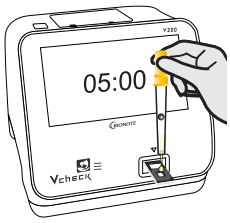
6 Draw **50 µl** of the assay diluent to the same tube and mix well 5~6 times



7 Within 1 min, mix well until the white tablet dissolves completely



8 Add **all** of the mixture in the sample hole of the test device



≤ 14 µg/dL	14.1 – 19.9 µg/dL	≥ 20 µg/dL
Normal (≤ 16 µg/dL in puppies*)	Suspected (Check other evidence of kidney disease)	Kidney disease probable

* Mildly increased SDMA concentrations (14 – 16 µg/dL) in puppies should be interpreted in light of the growth phase as well as other evidence of kidney disease.

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF125DD	Vcheck SDMA	Device	10 Tests/Kit

D-dimer

Canine D-dimer

Highly sensitive marker for thromboembolism

D-dimer is a degradation fragment of cross-linked fibrin. This marker is specific for active coagulation and fibrinolysis, so increased D-dimer concentration indicates hypercoagulability. Measurement of plasma D-dimer concentration is useful for the diagnosis of systemic thrombosis, including pulmonary thromboembolism(PTE) and disseminated intravascular coagulation(DIC) in dogs.

Species
Dog

Sample
Plasma 5 µl (Sodium Citrate)

Testing Time
5 min.

Measuring Range
0.1~10 µg/ml

Clinical Application

- Early detection of hypercoagulability
- A good screening test for
  - DIC (Disseminated intravascular coagulation)
  - Acute Thromboembolic Disease
- Assessment of pulmonary thromboembolism
- Monitoring of antithrombotic therapy
- Prediction of survival prognosis after surgery

Risk Factors for Thrombo-embolism

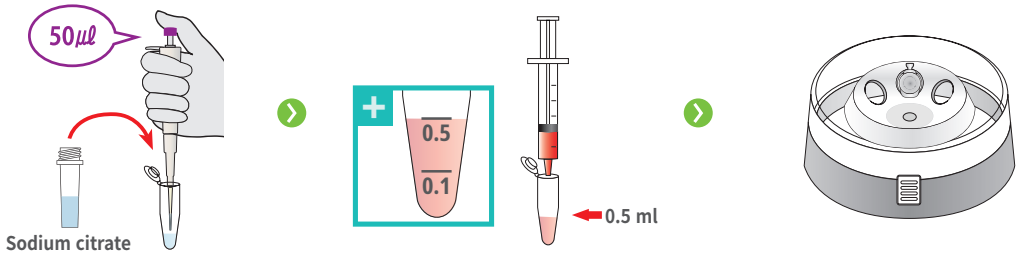
- Cancer
- Sepsis
- Pancreatitis
- Vascular diseases (i.e., heartworm)
- Congestive heart failure
- Protein-losing disease
- Immune-mediated disease
- End/Exogenous Corticosteroids

Preparation of Sample

1 Add sodium citrate **50 µl** to a 1.5 ml tube

2 Add whole blood 450 µℓ to the line of 0.5 ml

3 Mix the tube gently using a wrist snap making an 8-character shape. And centrifuge at 3,000 rpm for 15 min.

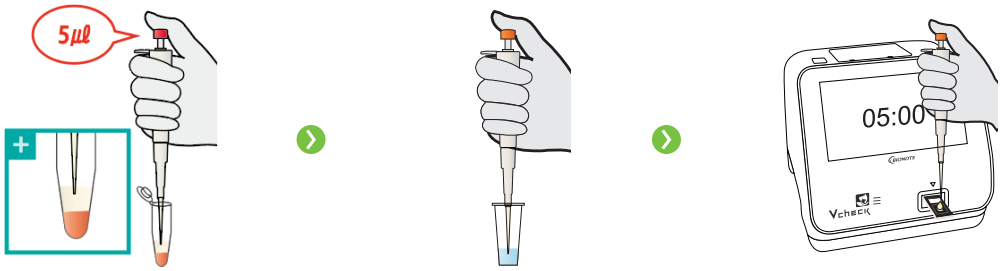


Test Procedure

1 Draw **5 µl** of plasma (Sodium citrate) and add it into an assay diluent tube

2 Mix well 5-6 times by using a **100 µl** pipetting

3 Add **all** of mixture in the sample hole of the test device



< 0.3 µg/ml	≥ 0.3 µg/ml
Normal	Abnormal TED/DIC* probable

* TED : Thromboembolic disease, DIC : Disseminated intravascular coagulation

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF107DD	Vcheck D-dimer	Device	10 Tests/Kit

CRP 2.0

C-Reactive Protein

Canine Real-Time Inflammation Marker

CRP exists at a very low concentration in healthy dogs. But it starts to increase 4 hours after inflammatory stimulation such as infection, trauma etc. If there is no further stimulation, the concentration returns to normal within a week. So CRP can be used as a real-time inflammatory marker.

Species
Dog

Sample
Serum/Plasma (heparin) 5 µl

Testing Time
5 min.

Measuring Range
10~200 mg/L

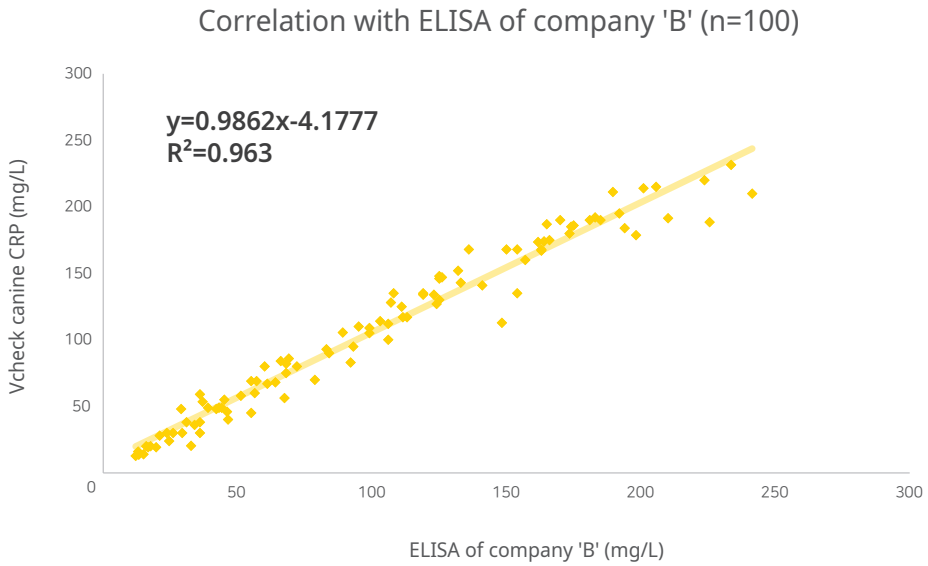
Clinical Application

- Earlier detection of acute inflammation : more sensitive than WBC
- Quantitative marker for inflammation : proportional to the severity of inflammation
- Not affected by stress, steroids, NSAIDs or antibiotics unlike WBC count
- Evaluation of treatment response, post-operative response and prognosis
- Monitoring of recurrence of immune-mediated diseases

CRP increases reported in dogs

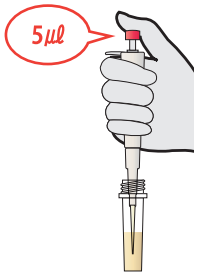
- **Infection / inflammation**
  : pyometra, pneumonia, demodicosis, cystitis, periodontitis
- **Tumors**
  : hemangiosarcoma, lymphoma, nasal adenocarcinoma, cholangiocellular carcinoma
- **Immune-mediated**
  : idiopathic polyarthritis, IMHA, IMT
- **Others**
  : acute pancreatitis, chronic hepatitis, cardiac tamponade, myelodysplastic syndrome

Evaluation Data



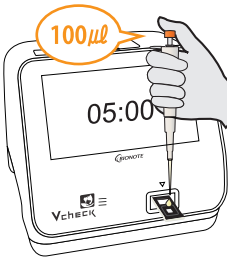
Test Procedure

1 Draw **5 µl** of serum or heparinized plasma and add it into an assay diluent bottle



2 Close the bottle cap and shake for 5-6 times to mix thoroughly

3 Add **100 µl** of mixture in the sample hole of the test device



< 20 mg/L	20~30 mg/L	> 30 mg/L
Normal	Equivocal Systemic inflammation possible Re-evaluation recommended	Abnormal Consistent with inflammation

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF109DD	Vcheck Canine CRP 2.0	Device	10 Tests/Kit

NEW

SAA 3.0

Serum Amyloid A

Feline real-time inflammation marker

SAA exists at a very low concentration in healthy cats. But it starts to increase 4 hours after inflammatory stimulation such as infection, trauma etc. If there is no further stimulation, the concentration returns to normal within a week. So SAA can be used as a real-time inflammatory marker.

Species	Sample
Cat	Serum/Plasma (heparin) 5 µl
Testing Time	**Measuring Range**
5 min.	5~200 µg/ml

Clinical Application

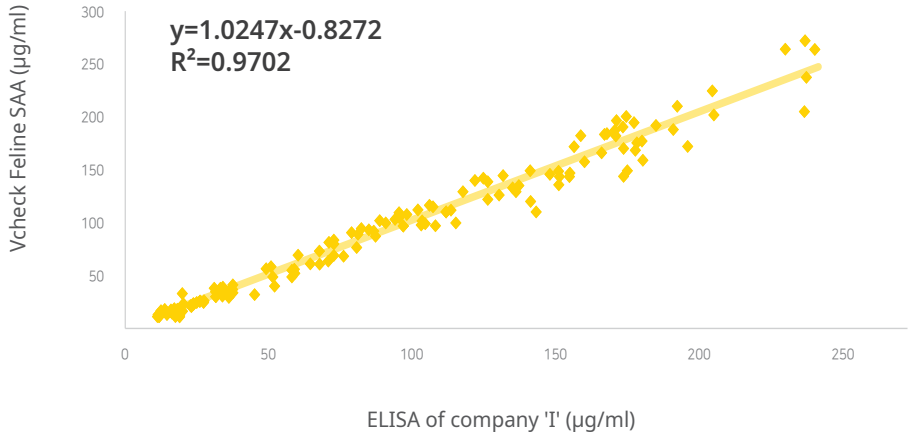
- Differential diagnosis of diseases
- To evaluate severity of inflammation or infection - proportional to the severity of inflammation
- Differential diagnosis of FIP - SAA level highly increased compared to a feline enteric coronavirus infection
- Continual measurement to monitor disease progression and treatment response
- To evaluate recovery and complication after operations and estimate the time to hospital discharge
- Geriatric health checkup

SAA increases reported in cats

- **Infection / inflammation**
  : acute pancreatitis, Feline Infectious Peritonitis, cholangitis, otitis media
- **Tumors**
  : lymphoma, malignant mesothelioma
- **Immune-mediated**
  : IMHA
- **Others**
  : hyperthyroidism, Diabetes Mellitus, Chronic Kidney Disease

Evaluation Data

Correlation with ELISA of company 'I' (n=135)

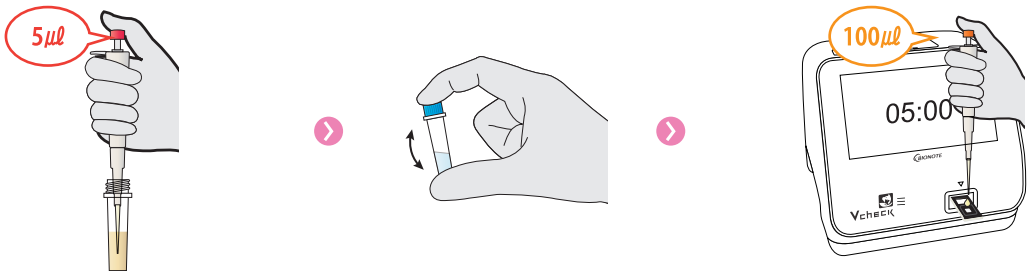


Test Procedure

1 Draw **5 μl** of sample and add it into an assay diluent tube

2 Close the tube cap and shake for 5-6 times to mix thoroughly

3 Add **100 μl** of mixture in the sample hole of the test device



< 5 μg/ml	5~10 μg/ml	> 10 μg/ml
Normal	Equivocal Systemic inflammation possible Re-evaluation recommended	Abnormal

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF138DD	Vcheck Feline SAA 3.0	Device	10 Tests/Kit

cPL 2.0

Canine Pancreas-specific Lipase

Canine pancreatitis diagnostic marker

Canine acute pancreatitis is often a life-threatening sudden and serious condition, but early diagnosis and treatment are not easy because the diagnosis is challenging and symptoms are not specific. cPL is considered to be the most specific enzyme that increases in dogs with pancreatitis and measurement of cPL is highly sensitive for a diagnosis of pancreatitis. Also cPL is little affected by other drugs or digestive disorders, thus it is useful for early diagnosis of pancreatitis. Continuous quantitative measurement also helps assess the treatment response of pancreatitis and secondary damage to pancreas caused by other digestive diseases.

Species
Dog

Sample
Serum 25 µl

Testing Time
5 min.

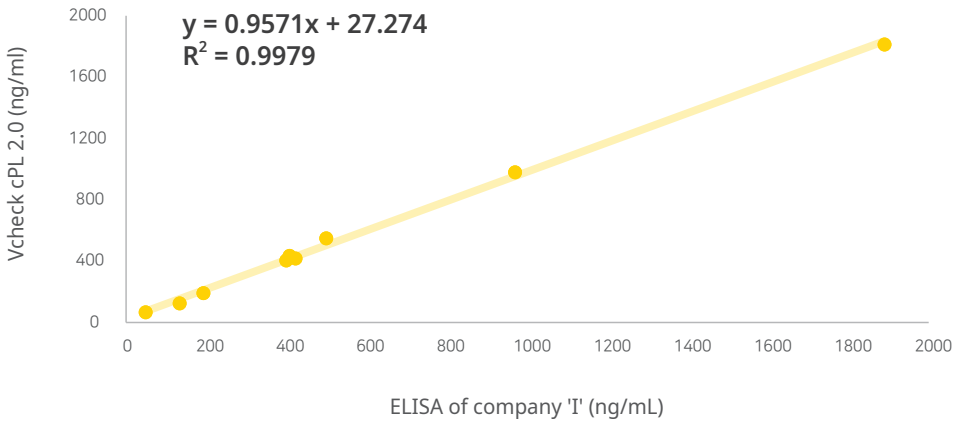
Measuring Range
50~2,000 ng/ml

Clinical Application

- Clinical signs of acute pancreatitis: abdominal pain, anorexia, vomiting, dehydration, etc.
- Treatment: when considering fluid therapy, analgesics, antiemetics, and antibiotics, etc.
- A specific enzyme released only from pancreas that enables early diagnosis of acute pancreatitis
- To monitor the treatment response by continual testing
- To assess the secondary damage to pancreas in case of other digestive diseases such as cholecystitis or enteritis, etc.
- To evaluate the prognosis by measuring CRP simultaneously

Evaluation Data

Comparative Evaluation of Vcheck cPL 2.0
- Compared to laboratories (N=21) -

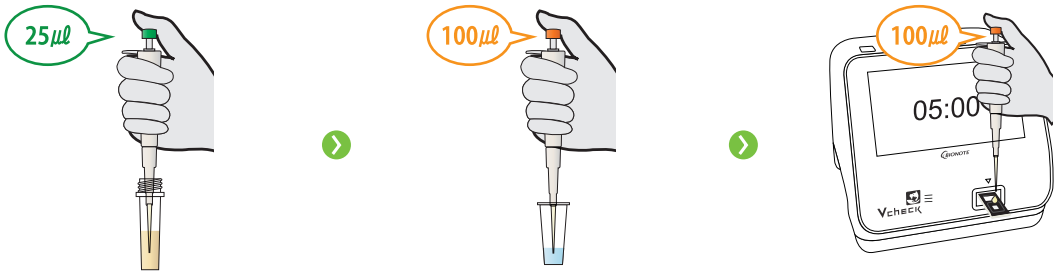


Test Procedure

1 Draw **25 µl** of serum and add it into an assay diluent tube

2 Mix well 5-6 times by using a **100 µl** pipetting

3 Add **100 µl** of mixture in the sample hole of the test device



< 200 ng/ml	200~400 ng/ml	> 400 ng/ml
Pancreatitis very unlikely	If clinical signs are present, treat appropriately and perform retest in 2 weeks. If the dog is asymptomatic or with mild symptoms, retesting should be performed after a month.	Consistent with pancreatitis

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF129DD	Vcheck cPL 2.0	Device	10 Tests/Kit

fPL 2.0

Feline Pancreas-specific Lipase

A diagnostic marker for feline pancreatitis

It is more difficult to diagnose feline pancreatitis with routine clinical chemistry tests or diagnostic imaging because the sensitivities and specificities of these diagnostic methods are low. fPL is a pancreas-specific lipase that increases in pancreatitis. Measurement of fPL has the highest sensitivity and likely the highest specificity and is the only reliable test for pancreatitis currently available in cats. Also, It helps to evaluate treatment response by continuous measurement.

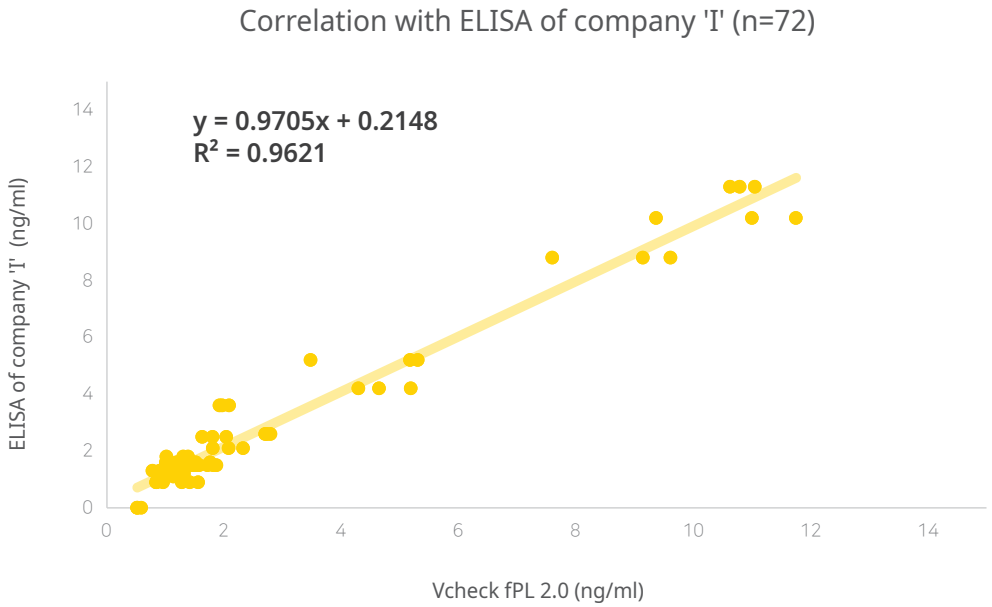
Species	Sample
Cat	Serum, Plasma(EDTA) 25 µl Whole blood 50 µl
Testing Time	**Measuring Range**
15 min.	1~50 ng/ml

Clinical Application

- Nonspecific clinical signs of pancreatitis: poor or absent appetite, lethargy, weight loss, dehydration, and diarrhea
- Feline pancreas-specific lipase test correlates very well with pancreatic inflammation
- The best overall sensitivity and specificity compared to other serum markers
- To diagnose and rule out feline pancreatitis
- Time-course monitoring of pancreatitis in cats during recovery
- To assess the secondary damage to pancreas in case of other digestive disease such as cholecystitis or enteritis, etc.

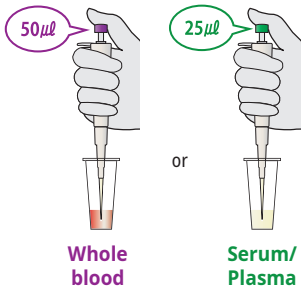
*** In case of using whole blood, it may affect the test results since each individual has different hematocrit levels (HCT; volume percentage of red blood cells) in blood. HCT levels less than 20% may cause falsely high values and HCT levels greater than 60% may cause falsely low values.**

Evaluation Data

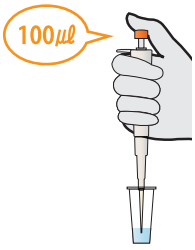


Test Procedure

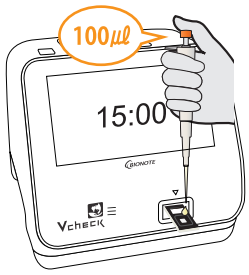
1 Draw whole blood **50 µl** or serum/plasma(EDTA) **25 µl** and add it into an assay diluent tube



2 Mix well 5-6 times by using a **100 µl** pipetting



3 Add **100 µl** of mixture in the sample hole of the test device



≤ 3.5 ng/ml	3.6~5.3 ng/ml	≥ 5.4 ng/ml
Pancreatitis very unlikely	If clinical signs are present, treat appropriately and perform retest in 2 weeks. If the cat is asymptomatic or with mild symptoms, retesting should be performed after a month.	Consistent with pancreatitis

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF127DD	Vcheck fPL 2.0	Device	10 Tests/Kit

cCortisol

Canine Cortisol

Hormone Marker for hyperadrenocorticism /hypoadrenocorticism

Cortisol is secreted from the adrenal cortex and controls glucose and fat metabolism. In healthy dogs, cortisol concentration is within the normal ranges. But if there is a problem in related organs, the secretion can be excessive or insufficient. Hyperadrenocorticism (Cushing's disease) is one of the most common endocrinopathy in dogs. Measurement of cortisol level through ACTH stimulation test and LDDST, etc. can help to diagnose Cushing's disease.

Species
Dog

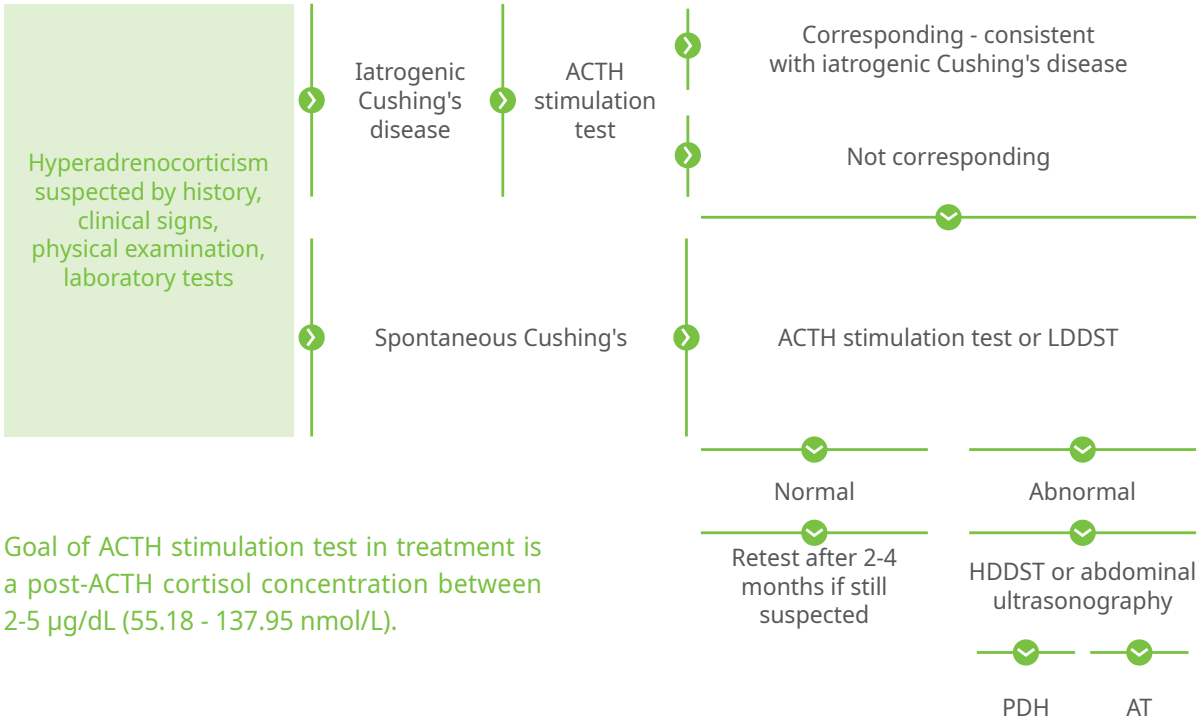
Sample
Serum 50 µl

Testing Time
20 min.

Measuring Range
1~30 µg/dl
(27.59~827.7 nmol/L)

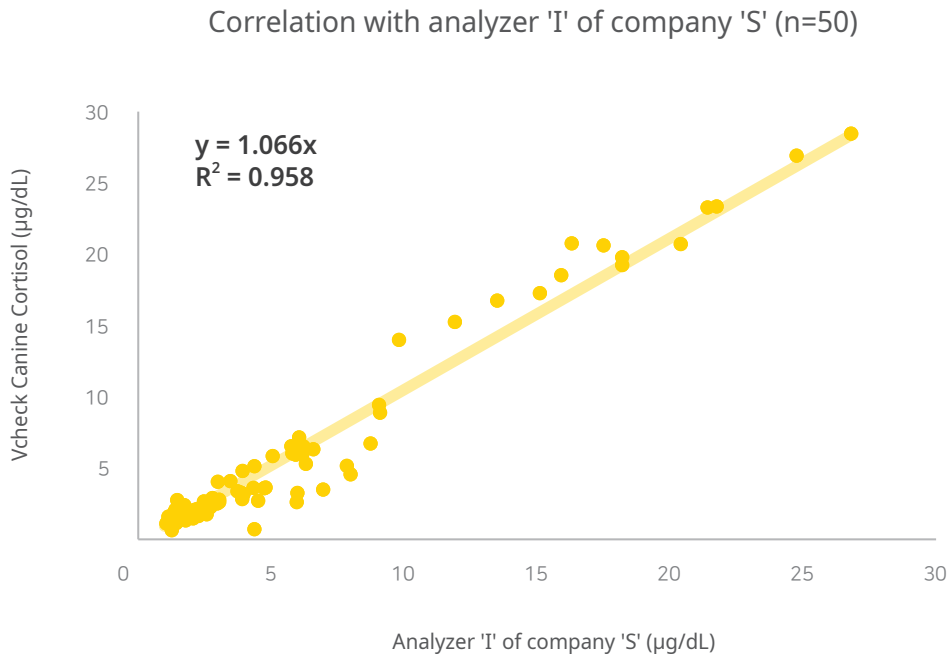
Clinical Application

- To diagnose or evaluate the treatment response of hyperadrenocorticism / hypoadrenocorticism
- Clinical signs of hyperadrenocorticism (Cushing's disease): polyuria/ polydipsia, polyphagia, abdominal distension (pot-belly), etc.
- Long-term treatment monitoring should be performed with Vcheck Cortisol after the initial diagnosis of hyperadrenocorticism / hypoadrenocorticism.
- Clinical signs of hypoadrenocorticism (Addison's disease): lethargy, anorexia, vomiting, etc.



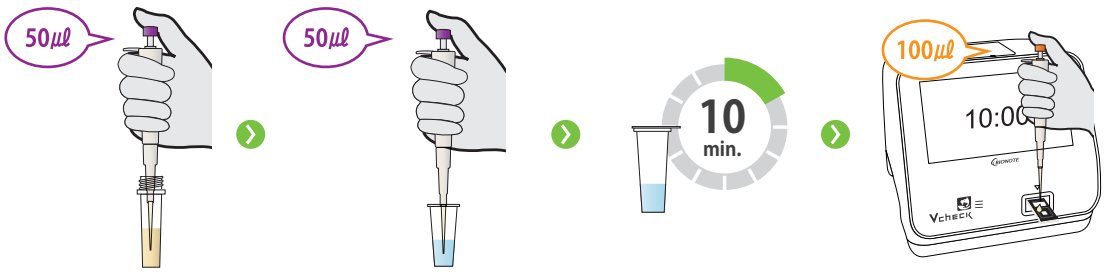
Goal of ACTH stimulation test in treatment is a post-ACTH cortisol concentration between 2-5 µg/dL (55.18 - 137.95 nmol/L).

Evaluation Data



Test Procedure

1. Draw **50 μl** of serum and add it into an assay diluent tube
2. Mix well 5-6 times by using a **50 μl** pipetting
3. Wait 10 minutes for incubation
4. Add **100 μl** of mixture in the sample hole of the test device



Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF105DD	Vcheck cCortisol	Device	10 Tests/Kit

ACTH stimulation test

- ACTH stimulation test is the gold standard for diagnosis of hypoadrenocorticism, for identification of iatrogenic hyperadrenocorticism, for screening of hyperadrenocorticism and for monitoring of treatment of hyperadrenocorticism. ACTH stimulation test results do not distinguish between PDH and AT.

- Goal of ACTH stimulation test in treatment of Cushing's disease is a post-ACTH cortisol concentration between 2-5 µg/dL (55.18 - 137.95 nmol/L).

Hyperadrenorcorticism or hypoadrenocorticism suspected by clinical signs, CBC, biochemistry, electrolyte test, urinalysis, etc.	Sample collection (serum)	ACTH administration synthetic ACTH IV (5 µg/kg) or ACTH gel IM (2.2 IU/kg, Max 40IU)	Sample collection (serum) after 1 hour (synthetic ACTH) or 2 hours (ACTH gel)	Measurement of cortisol concentration

Pre-ACTH	
< 2 µg/dL (< 55.18 nmol/L)	2-6 µg/dL (55.18 - 165.54 nmol/L)
If pre- and post-ACTH results are < 2 µg/dL (< 55.18 nmol/L), results are consistent with hypoadrenocorticism	Normal

Post-ACTH				
< 2 µg/dL (< 55.18 nmol/L)	2-6 µg/dL (55.18 - 165.54 nmol/L)	6-18 µg/dL (165.54 - 496.62 nmol/L)	18-24 µg/dL (496.62 - 662.16 nmol/L)	> 24 µg/dL (> 662.16 nmol/L)
If both pre- and post-ACTH results are < 2 µg/dL (< 55.18 nmol/L), results are consistent with hypoadrenocorticism	Equivocal Suggestive of iatrogenic hyperadrenocorticism	Normal	Inconclusive	Consistent with hyperadrenocorticism

* 1 µg/dL is equal to 27.59 nmol/L.

Low-Dose Dexamethasone Suppression Test (LDDST)

- Results of LDDST can aid in diagnosing hyperadrenocorticism and discriminating PDH from AT in some cases

Hyperadrenorcorticism suspected by clinical signs, CBC, biochemistry, electrolyte test, urinalysis, etc.	Sample collection (serum) - Baseline	Dexamethasone 0.01 mg/kg IV	Sample collection (serum) after 4 hours and 8 hours from dexamethasone administration	Measurement of cortisol concentration

LDDST						
4-hour	-	1-1.4 µg/dL (27.59 - 38.63 nmol/L)	> 1.4 µg/dL (> 38.63 nmol/L) and > 50% of baseline	< 1.4 µg/dL (< 38.63 nmol/L) or < 50% of baseline	> 1.4 µg/dL (> 38.63 nmol/L) or > 50% of baseline	< 1.4 µg/dL (< 38.63 nmol/L) or < 50% of baseline
8-hour	< 1 µg/dL (< 27.59 nmol/L)	1-1.4 µg/dL (27.59 - 38.63 nmol/L)	> 1.4 µg/dL (> 38.63 nmol/L) and > 50% of baseline	> 1.4 µg/dL (> 38.63 nmol/L) and > 50% of baseline	> 1.4 µg/dL (> 38.63 nmol/L) and < 50% of baseline	> 1.4 µg/dL (> 38.63 nmol/L) and < 50% of baseline
	Normal	Equivocal	Consistent with hyperadrenocorticism	PDH	PDH	PDH

* 1 µg/dL is equal to 27.59 nmol/L.

High-Dose Dexamethasone Suppression Test (HDDST)

· HDDST result can distinguish between PDH and AT in dogs with confirmed spontaneous hyperadrenocorticism. Abdominal ultrasonography can provide valuable information as well.

Patients with confirmed spontaneous hyperadrenocorticism by LDDST or ACTH stimulation test › Sample collection (serum) - Baseline › Dexamethasone with 0.1 mg/kg IV › Sample collection (serum) after 4 hours and 8 hours from dexamethasone administration › Measurement of cortisol concentration

HDDST				
4-hour	< 1.4 μg/dL (< 38.63 nmol/L) or < 50% of baseline	> 1.4 μg/dL (> 38.63 nmol/L) and > 50% of baseline	< 1.4 μg/dL (< 38.63 nmol/L) or < 50% of baseline	> 1.4 μg/dL (> 38.63 nmol/L) and > 50% of baseline
8-hour	> 1.4 μg/dL (> 38.63 nmol/L) and > 50% of baseline	< 1.4 μg/dL (< 38.63 nmol/L) or < 50% of baseline	< 1.4 μg/dL (< 38.63 nmol/L) or < 50% of baseline	> 1.4 μg/dL (> 38.63 nmol/L) and > 50% of baseline
	PDH	PDH	PDH	Additional testing required to differentiate PDH from ATH

* 1 μg/dL is equal to 27.59 nmol/L.

Treatment Monitoring

ACTH stimulation test 10 days after initiating treatment › Goal of ACTH stimulation test: post-ACTH cortisol concentration between 2-5 μg/dL (55.18 - 137.95 nmol/L)
- Within the range › ACTH stimulation test after 1 month, 3 months and every 3 months if maintained
- Out of the range › Observation for side effects, Recheck after dosage adjustment

* 1 μg/dL is equal to 27.59 nmol/L.

T4

Thyroxine

Hormone Marker for canine hypothyroidism and feline hyperthyroidism

T4 is a major thyroid hormone and important for normal regulation of metabolic rates and activity in various organs. Canine hypothyroidism is the common disease related to thyroid function in dogs and feline hyperthyroidism is the most common endocrine disease affecting old cats. T4 concentration level can be used to diagnose these diseases.

Species
Dog, Cat

Sample
Serum 50 µl

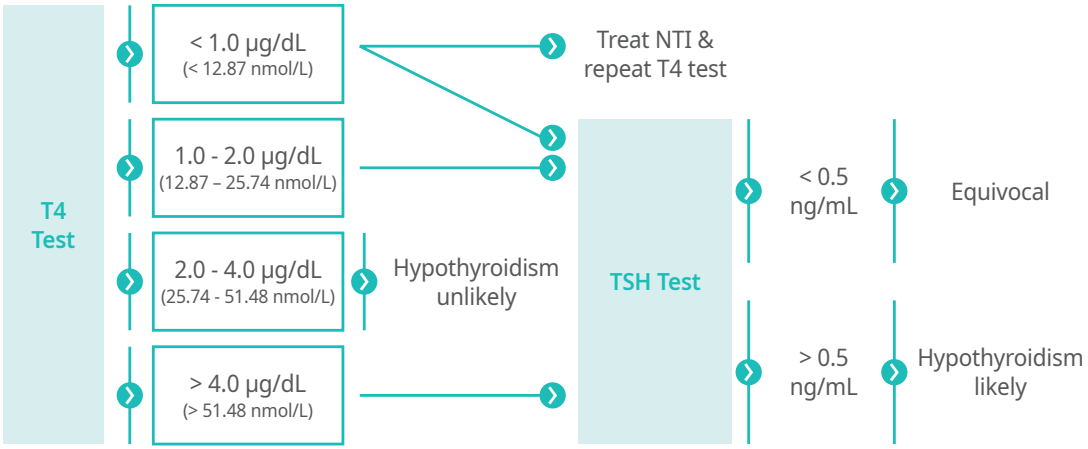
Testing Time
20 min.

Measuring Range
0.5~8 µg/dl
(6.44~102.96 nmol/L)

Clinical Application

· Diagnosis of hypothyroidism/hyperthyroidism and treatment monitoring

<Canine Hypothyroidism>

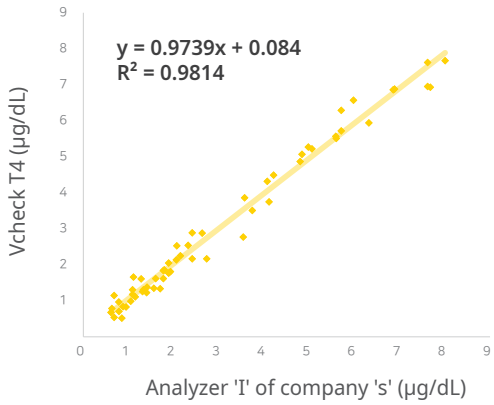


<Feline Hyperthyroidism>

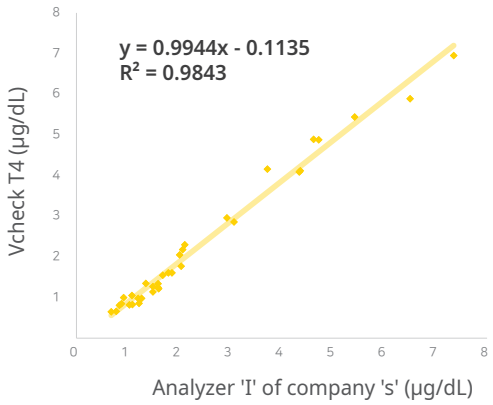
The prognosis of hyperthyroidism and hypothyroidism is excellent as long as they are diagnosed at early stage and the patients are treated and managed appropriately.

Evaluation Data

Correlation with analyzer 'I' of company 'S'
Canine (n=58)

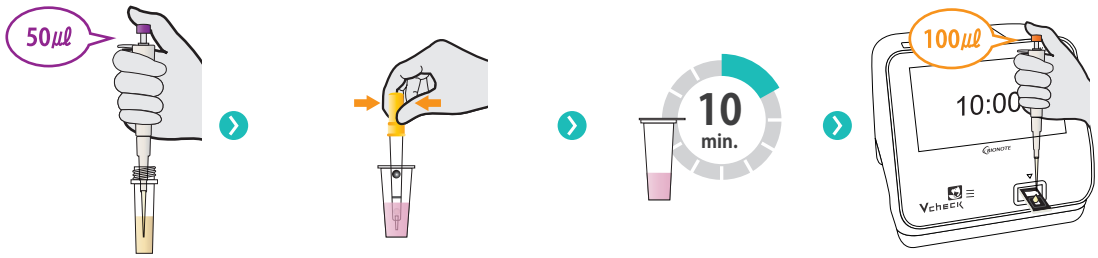


Correlation with analyzer 'I' of company 'S'
Feline (=34)



Test Procedure

1. Draw **50 µl** of serum and add it into an assay diluent tube
2. Mix over 8 times using a disposable tablet pipette until the tablet is completely dissolved
3. Wait 10 minutes for incubation
4. Add **100 µl** of mixture in the sample hole of the test device



Dog

< 1.0 µg/dL (< 12.87 nmol/L)	1.0~2.0 µg/dL (12.87 – 25.74 nmol/L)	1.0~4.0 µg/dL (12.87 - 51.48 nmol/L)	> 4 µg/dL (> 51.48 nmol/L)	2.1~5.4 µg/dL (27.03 – 69.50 nmol/L)
Low	Low normal	Normal	High	Therapeutic

Cat

< 0.8 µg/dL (< 10.30 nmol/L)	0.8~4.7 µg/dL (10.30 – 60.49 nmol/L)	2.3~4.7 µg/dL (29.60 – 60.49 nmol/L)	> 4.7 µg/dL (> 60.49 nmol/L)
Low	Normal	Gray zone	Consistent with hyperthyroidism

* 1 µg/dL is equal to 12.87 nmol/L.

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF106DD	Vcheck T4	Device	10 Tests/Kit

cTSH

Thyroid-Stimulating Hormone

Hormone marker for canine hypothyroidism

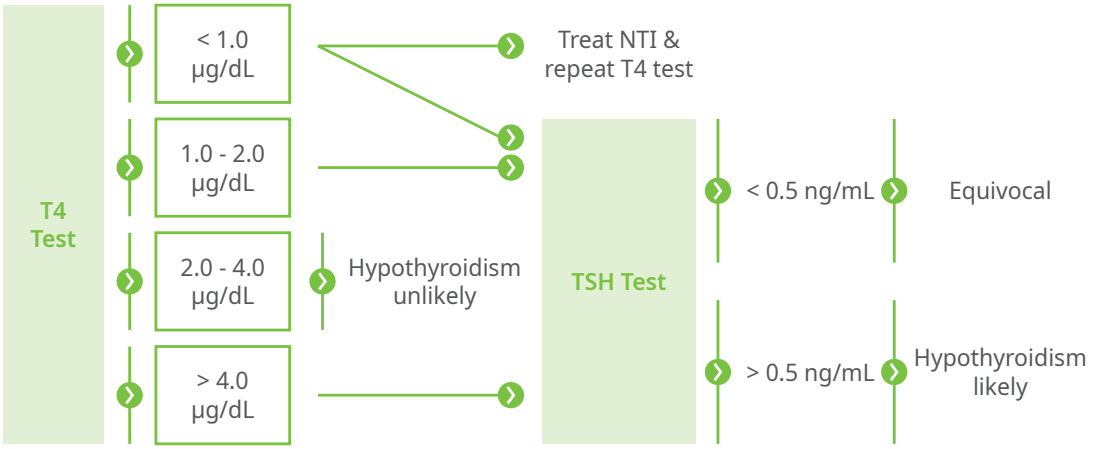
TSH is a glycoprotein produced by the anterior pituitary gland. Through its action on the thyroid gland, it plays a major role in maintaining normal circulating levels of the thyroid hormones, T4 and T3. Hypothyroidism is considered to be a common endocrine disorder in dogs, whereas hyperthyroidism in this species is rarely seen. Serum TSH is usually measured in dogs with nondiagnostic serum T4 test results, severe nonthyroidal illness, or both, and is a common component of canine thyroid panels.

Species	Sample
Dog	Serum 100 µl
Testing Time	**Measuring Range**
15 min.	0.25~5.00 ng/ml

Clinical Application

Diagnosis of canine hypothyroidism

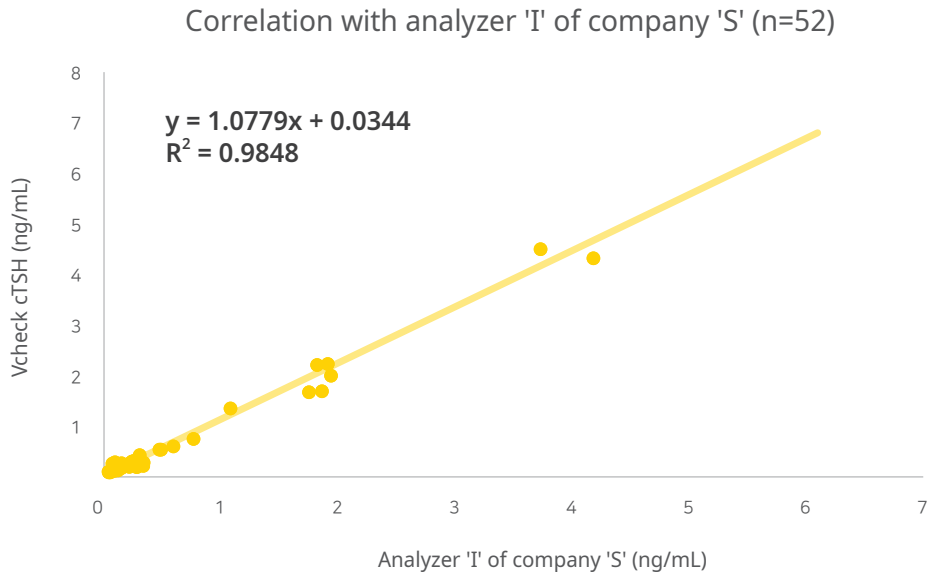
- Most cases of canine hypothyroidism are primary in nature, involving impaired production of the thyroid hormones, T4 and T3. In this condition, elevated TSH levels are expected. Secondary or tertiary hypothyroidism, where thyroid hormone production is low as a consequence of hypothalamic or pituitary disease, is believed to account for less than 5% of canine hypothyroidism cases. And in these conditions, lowered levels of TSH would be expected.
- Serum TSH test results should always be interpreted in conjunction with results of serum T4, fT4, or both and should not be used alone in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism.



Therapeutic monitoring of canine hypothyroidism

- Serum TSH concentrations are typically evaluated 4 to 6 hours after administration of levothyroxine in dogs. Ideally, the serum TSH concentration should be in the reference range.

Evaluation Data

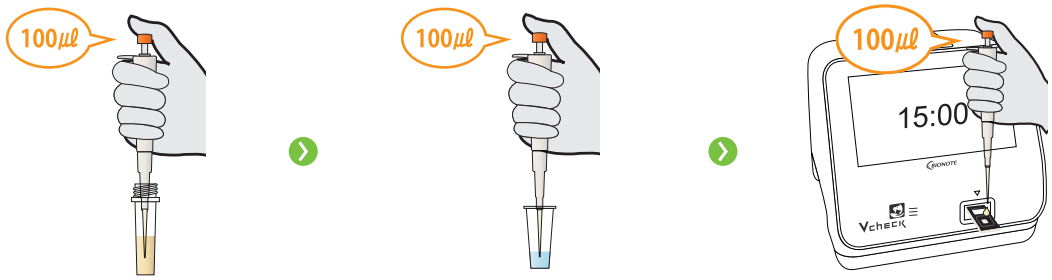


Test Procedure

1 Draw **100 µl** of serum and add it into an assay diluent tube

2 Mix well 5-6 times by using a **100 µl** pipetting

3 Add **100 µl** of mixture in the sample hole of the test device



< 0.5ng/mL	≥ 0.5 ng/mL
Normal	High

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF118DC	Vcheck cTSH	Device	5 Tests/Kit

cProgesterone

Canine Progesterone

Hormone

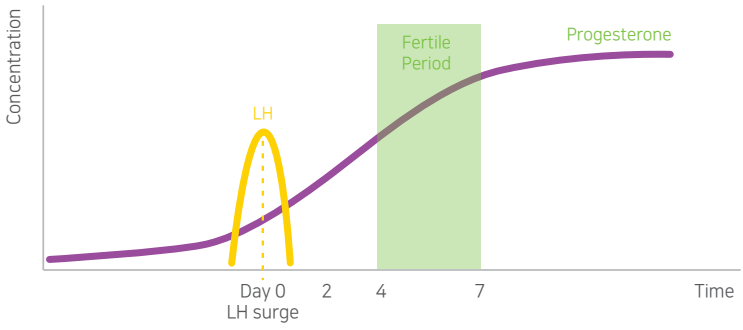
Progesterone is a steroid hormone produced primarily by the corpora luteum. Progesterone testing is used to determine when a bitch ovulates and thus when to breed. It also helps determine the timing of elective C-sections in pregnant dogs.

Species	Sample
Dog	Serum 50 µl
Testing Time	**Measuring Range**
15 min.	1.0~30.0 ng/mL (3.18~95.40 nmol/L)

Clinical Application

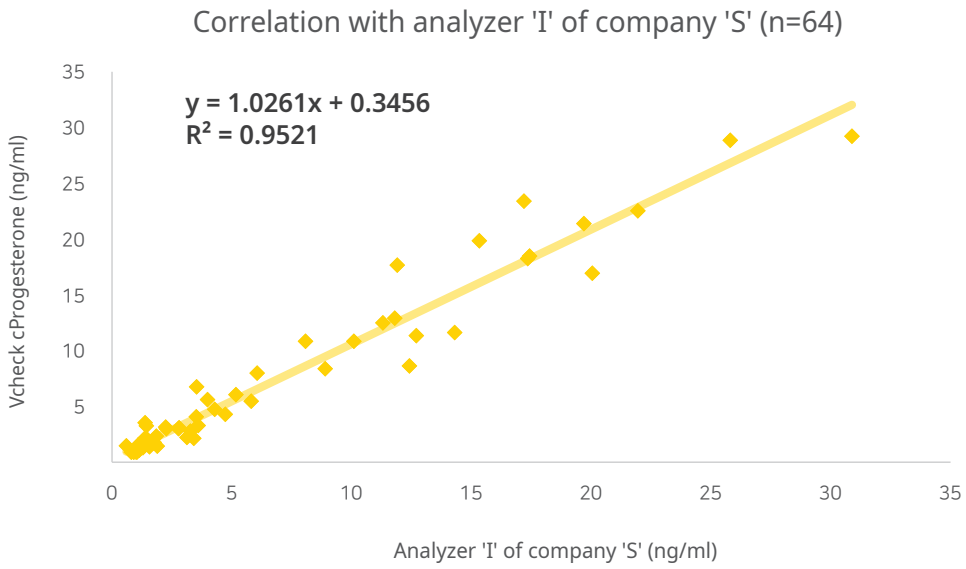
- To determine optimal breeding dates
- To predict parturition dates or time a Cesarean section
- To detect reproductive disorders such as split heats, delayed puberty, silent estrus or hypoluteidism

Peak fertility typically occurs 4-7 days after the LH surge (or 2-5 days after ovulation)



- Natural breeding : Ideally breed every other day while the female is showing signs of standing heat. If only 2 matings will be performed, attempt to breed 4 and 6 days after the progesterone predicted LH surge.
- Fresh or chilled semen : Ideally inseminate 3 and 5 days after the progesterone predicted LH surge.

Evaluation Data

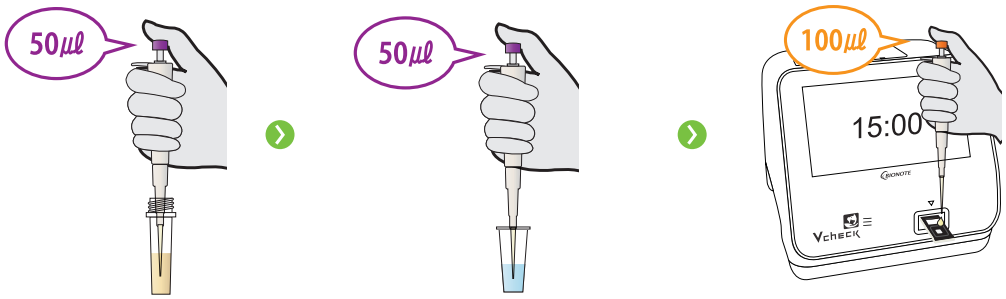


Test Procedure

1 Draw **50 µl** of serum and add it into an assay diluent tube

2 Mix well 5-6 times by using a **50 µl** pipetting

3 Add **100 µl** of mixture in the sample hole of the test device



< 1.0 ng/mL (< 3.18 nmol/L)	1.0 – 1.99 ng/mL (3.18 – 6.33 nmol/L)	2.0 – 2.99 ng/mL (6.36 – 9.51 nmol/L)	3.0 – 4.99 ng/mL (9.54 – 15.87 nmol/L)	5.0 – 12.0 ng/mL (15.90 – 38.16 nmol/L)	> 12.0 ng/mL (> 38.16 nmol/L)
Anestrus or proestrus	Pre-LH surge	LH surge	Post-LH surge, Pre-ovulation	Ovulation (It may vary with breed and size.)	Post-ovulation

* 1 ng/ml is equal to 3.18 nmol/L.

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF122DD	Vcheck cProgesterone	Device	10 Tests/Kit

Vcheck Inf.

Infectious Test

Infectious disease test

Canine and feline infectious diseases can be diagnosed rapidly and precisely.

Specification

- Read the results within 10 minutes.
- Reading the RAPID test results visually can lead to ambiguous interpretation, especially for samples that have low levels of analyte. With Vcheck analyzer, a more precise and objective result is produced for better diagnosis.

- Besides positive/negative result, COI value can help estimate the relative amount of antigen (The higher the COI value, the more antigen is present).

Products

Dog	Canine Corona Virus Antigen Vcheck CCV Ag	›	Sample Feces
	Canine Distemper Virus Antigen Vcheck CDV Ag	›	Sample Conjunctival swab, Urine, Serum or Plasma
	Canine Parvo Virus Antigen Vcheck CPV Ag	›	Sample Feces
	Canine Parvo/Corona Virus Antigen Vcheck CPV/CCV Ag (3 lines)	›	Sample Feces
	Canine Heartworm Antigen Vcheck CHW Ag	›	Sample Whole blood, serum or plasma
Cat	Feline Panleukopenia Virus Antigen Vcheck FPV Ag	›	Sample Feces

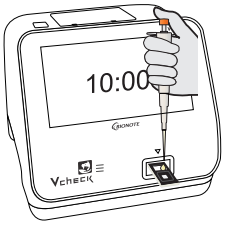
Evaluation Data

	Vcheck CCV Ag	Vcheck CDV Ag	Vcheck CPV Ag	Vcheck FPV Ag
Sensitivity	93.1 %	91.8 %	96.4 %	97 %
Specificity	97.5 %	98.5 %	99.7 %	97.8 %

Test Procedure

Incubate and Read

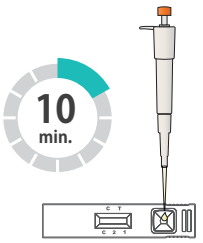
1. Insert the test device into Vcheck analyzer and add the sample mixture into the sample hole of the device
2. After 10 mins test device will read automatically
3. Read the result

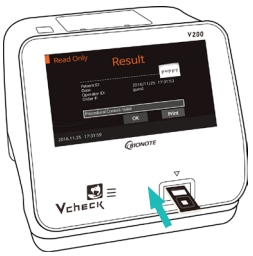


Positive(+), COI ≥1
Negative(-), COI < 1

Read Only

1. Add the sample mixture into the sample hole of the test device and wait 10 minutes
2. Select 'Read Only'
3. Insert the device into Vcheck analyzer and read the result





Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF110DD	Vcheck CCV Ag	Device	10 Tests/Kit
VCF111DD	Vcheck CDV Ag	Device	10 Tests/Kit
VCF112DD	Vcheck CPV Ag	Device	10 Tests/Kit
VCF114DD	Vcheck CPV/CCV Ag	Device	10 Tests/Kit
VCF117DD	Vcheck CHW Ag	Device	10 Tests/Kit
VCF113DD	Vcheck FPV Ag	Device	10 Tests/Kit

Vcheck Ab

Antibody Titer Test

Antibody Titer Test

Immune status after core vaccination can be evaluated through the antibody titer test.

Species
Dog, Cat

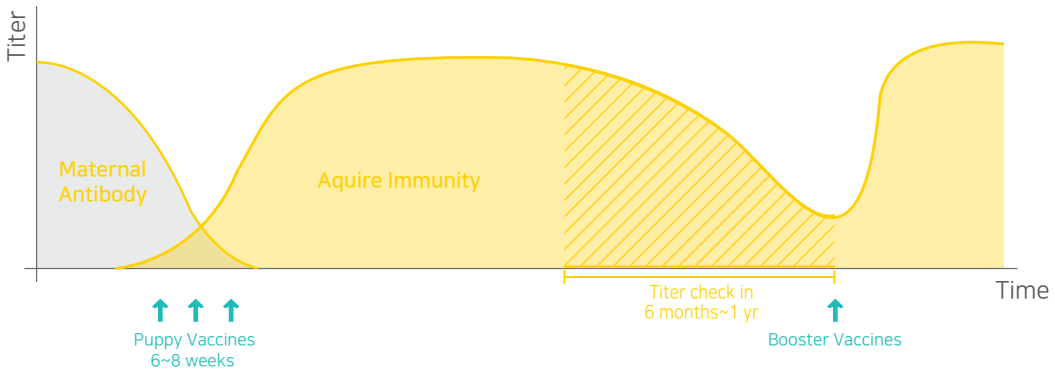
Sample
Serum, Plasma 5 µl

Testing Time
10 min.

Measuring Range
Semi-quantitative

Clinical Application

- To evaluate immune status after vaccination
- To optimize the primary vaccination protocol in consideration of maternally-derived antibody
- To schedule revaccination properly
- To aid serological test and monitor treatment response



Evaluation Data

Vcheck CPV Ab	Compared with HI test (gold standard)	Sensitivity 100%	Specificity 85.7%
Vcheck CDV Ab	Compared with VN test (gold standard)	Sensitivity 100%	Specificity 83.1%
Vcheck CAV Ab	Compared with VN test (gold standard)	Sensitivity 87.8%	Specificity 98.2%
Vcheck FHV Ab	Compared with VN test (gold standard)	Sensitivity 100%	Specificity 91.5%
Vcheck FPV Ab	Compared with HI test (gold standard)	Sensitivity 100%	Specificity 95.2%
Vcheck FCV Ab	Compared with VN test (gold standard)	Sensitivity 92.7%	Specificity 85.3%

Test Procedure

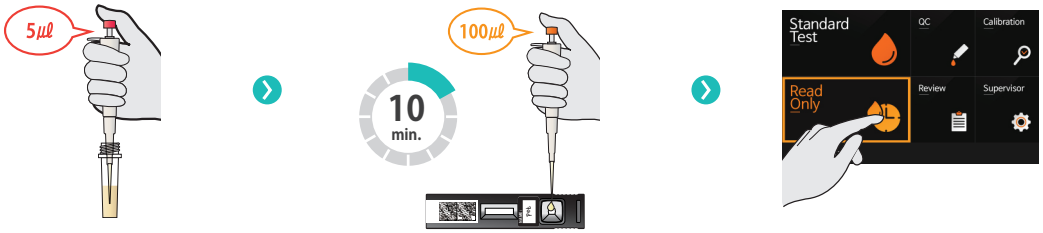
Standard Test

1. Add **5 µl** of the sample to the assay diluent tube
2. Select "Standard Test" and insert the test device into the Vcheck analyzer
3. Mix well 5-6 times and add **100 µl** of the mixed sample to the sample hole of the test device

Read Only

***The 'Read Only' mode is more suitable when three antibodies are tested at once.**

1. Add **5 µl** of the sample to the assay diluent tube
2. Mix well 5-6 times and add **100 µl** of the mixed sample to the sample hole of the test device and incubate for 10 min.
3. Select "Read Only" and insert the test device into the Vcheck analyzer



Test results	Titer (Gold standard)		Immune status
Negative(0) Low Titer(1) Low Titer(2)	CPV - HI below 1:40 CDV - VN below 1:16 CAV - VN below 1:8	FHV – VN below 1:8 FPV – HI below 1:40 FCV – VN below 1:16	Poor immune status (vaccination required)
Medium Titer (3) Medium Titer (3.5)	CPV - HI 1:80 ~ 1:120 CDV - VN 1:32 ~ 1:48 CAV - VN 1:16 ~ 1:32	FHV - VN 1:16 ~ 1:24 FPV - HI 1:80 ~ 1:120 FCV - VN 1:32 ~ 1:48	Protective immunity
High Titer(4) High Titer(4.5) High Titer(5) High Titer(5.5) High Titer(6)	CPV - HI above 1:160 CDV - VN above 1:64 CAV - VN above 1:64	FHV – VN above 1:32 FPV – HI above 1:160 FCV – VN above 1:64	Well with protective immunity

Product No.	Product Name	Product Type	Packing Unit
VCF115DD	Vcheck CDV Ab	Device	10 Tests/Kit
VCF116DD	Vcheck CPV Ab	Device	10 Tests/Kit
VCF126DD	Vcheck CAV Ab	Device	10 Tests/Kit
VCF119DD	Vcheck FHV Ab	Device	10 Tests/Kit
VCF120DD	Vcheck FPV Ab	Device	10 Tests/Kit
VCF121DD	Vcheck FCV Ab	Device	10 Tests/Kit

PRODUCT LIST

Item	Product Name	Product No.	Packing Unit
Analyzer	Vcheck V200	VC7402EA	1 EA
	Vcheck V2400	VC7403EA	1 EA
Acute Phase Protein	Vcheck Canine CRP 2.0	VCF109DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck Feline SAA 2.0	VCF128DD	10 Tests/Kit
Pancreatitis	Vcheck cPL 2.0	VCF129DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck fPL 2.0	VCF127DD	10 Tests/Kit
Hormone	Vcheck cCortisol	VCF105DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck T4	VCF106DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck cTSH	VCF118DC	5 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck cProgesterone	VCF122DD	10 Tests/Kit
Renal Biomarker	Vcheck SDMA	VCF125DD	10 Tests/Kit
Coagulation	Vcheck D-dimer	VCF107DD	10 Tests/Kit
Cardiac Biomarker	Vcheck Canine NT-proBNP	VCF132DC	5 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck Feline NT-proBNP	VCF130DC	5 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck Canine TnI	VCF137DC	5 Tests/Kit
Infectious Disease	Vcheck CCV Ag	VCF110DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck CDV Ag	VCF111DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck CPV Ag	VCF112DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck CCV/CPV Ag (3 lines)	VCF114DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck CHW Ag	VCF117DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck FPV Ag	VCF113DD	10 Tests/Kit
Antibody Titer	Vcheck CDV Ab	VCF115DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck CPV Ab	VCF116DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck CAV Ab	VCF126DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck FHV Ab	VCF119DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck FPV Ab	VCF120DD	10 Tests/Kit
	Vcheck FCV Ab	VCF121DD	10 Tests/Kit

Rev.7.2

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